# **Marine Corps Intelligence Civilian**

# **Career Development Program**



# **2006 Individual Development Plan**

## INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT PLANS

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#### 1. Introduction

a. What is an Individual Development Plan? An Individual Development Plan (IDP) is a tool for career development. The IDP helps employees link competencies, job experiences, developmental assignments, on-the-job and formal training with employee goals, performance elements and standards. Its use is intended to improve, enhance, and/or maintain work performance by planning activities. These planned activities will help employees and their supervisors meet shifting mission requirements and employee career goals.

b. What is career development and how does it relate to your IDP? Career development involves taking control of one's own career by defining career expectations and formulating a plan to meet those expectations. Employees are no longer expected to choose a lifelong career and stick with it throughout the entirety of their working years. Employees should be encouraged and expected to pursue a career field which best meets their individual skill sets and interests. By matching their skill sets and interests to their careers of choice, employees are most likely to be committed and motivated to do a good job.

## 2. <u>Marine Corps Intelligence Guidelines on Individual</u> Development Plans

a. All Marine Corps Intelligence civilian employees are required to complete an IDP. Employees should work closely with their supervisors to prepare their IDPs. Mentors, trusted peers, or career advisors may also assist them in the development of their IDPs. Employees who fail to maintain their IDP risk not reaping the full benefits of the career development program, thereby failing to maximize their career opportunities. Employees should take advantage of the available resources while keeping in mind that they are their own best career managers.

b. An employee's IDP will project his or her job experiences, competencies, developmental assignments, on-the-job and formal training for at least one year. Employees are encouraged to take charge of their careers and make the effort to fulfill any suggested training or developmental assignments.

c. IDPs should be revised when there are significant changes in duties, performance elements, mission requirements, or career goals. Usually, the IDP will be initiated at the beginning of the performance appraisal cycle, reviewed at midyear and will be updated at least annually. The employee's immediate supervisor approves the IDP and subsequent revisions.

d. The IDP should address immediate and long-range career goals, which the employee develops with the assistance of his or her supervisor or mentor. Immediate career goals are tasks, assignments, or training the employee needs to complete in the following year. Long-range goals are tasks, assignments, or training the employee wants to accomplish within two or three years.

e. An employee should strive to complete those activities listed on the IDP by the beginning of the next performance appraisal cycle. A supervisor may consider those efforts to achieve job experiences, developmental assignments, on-the-job and formal training listed in the IDP when making annual performance appraisal determinations.

f. The employee's signature on the IDP signifies that the IDP has been discussed between the employee and his or her supervisor; it does not necessarily reflect agreement. If the employee objects to any changes recommended by the supervisor, the employee and supervisor should try to resolve the differences. Input from the employee's mentor and the Human Resource Office (HRO) may also be helpful when differences arise. If resolution cannot be reached, the matter should be referred to the reviewing official whose decision is final.

g. HRO will retain original copies of the IDP, and the employee and the employee's supervisor will keep copies for future reference.

## 3. Roles and Responsibilities

a. <u>The Employee's Role</u> - The employee will create his or her IDP and actively participate in their continued development by:

- Meeting with supervisor and mentor to discuss career goals
- Identifying options for developing skills to promote growth
- Completing the self-assessment to identify strengths and development needs
- Researching available training and/or developmental options
- Following through with training/developmental activities
- Keeping supervisor informed on status of activities throughout the year

b. <u>The Supervisor's Role</u> - The supervisor is in an excellent position to support the employee's development by:

- Providing feedback on the employee's performance in the current job and identifying strengths and areas for improvement
- Acting as a coach
- Representing the organization's needs, goals and opportunities
- Helping to assess the employee's advancement potential and qualifications for other positions
- Acting as a resource and referral for exploring the employee's career development options
- Supporting the employee's development and providing funding, when feasible

c. <u>The Employee and the Supervisor's Role</u> - The employee and his or her supervisor will base the employee's IDP on the following criteria:

- Critical elements and standards of the performance appraisal form
- The supervisor's continuing evaluation of the employee's job performance
- Mission requirements as reflected by the employee's current major duties
- Prior job experiences, developmental assignments, and formal training
- The employee's career goals and interests

### 4. Goals and potential outcomes for the IDP process

- Acquiring skills to master tasks
- Gaining knowledge to assume greater responsibilities
- Building skills to become more competitive for promotion
- Requesting developmental assignments that will serve to broaden competencies
- Exploring other areas of interest
- Becoming competitive to change fields, if desired
- Obtaining knowledge to share with peers and junior employees

# Marine Corps Intelligence Civilian Individual Development Plan Form

### 1. General Information

Name	
Grade	
Series	
Title	
Date	
Supervisor	
Last Promotion Date	
Time in Current Position	
Awards (spot, time-off), QSI's, received within the last year	
Are you a participant in the Mentoring Program?	

### 2. Career Self-Assessment

This section presents an opportunity for you to consider what is driving your career choices. Does your current job fulfill your needs, and is it in line with your values and interests? Does it cater to your strengths, or are you struggling with mastering the competencies that it takes to be successful on the job? The following self-assessment will help you to answer these questions.

### Values

Your values guide your behavior in various work situations. In the space provided below, please list the key values that guide your actions at work.

Example values:	
Diversity	Entrepreneurship
Teamwork	Professionalism
Fairness	Respect
Trust	Honor
Courage	Commitment
Dependability	Discipline

### Work Interests

Ideally, everyone desires a job that appeals to his/her primary interests. In the space provided below, please list some of your key work interests. What motivates you?

Example Work Interests: Research Problem solving Working on project teams New challenges A changing environment

Data analysis Working with computers Project Management Working with others/working alone Life/work balance

### Career Goals

Write a brief statement about what you want most out of your career. Take into account your needs, values, and interests. What would be your ideal job? (Note that your ideal job may be your current job or an extension of it).

Example Career Goals:

To become an SES Recognition for personal contributions To reach the highest level within your career area Fulfillment in daily work To achieve a leadership role in another career area To become a supervisor

## Intelligence Community Officer (ICO) Designation

Please indicate if you have completed any of the requirements for the ICO Program.

### 3. Competency Self-Assessment

A competency is a measurable pattern of skills, knowledge, abilities, behaviors, and other characteristics required for successful performance on your job. General competencies are those that apply to all occupations across Marine Corps Intelligence and they are listed on the Competency Self-Assessment Table below. Functional competencies are those that are specific to your occupation (which you will find in Appendix C of the CDP Guide).

Follow the below steps to complete your competency Self Assessment Table.

**STEP 1**. Locate your functional area on the table below and refer to the appropriate section in the Career Guide, Appendix C to find your general and functional competencies.

Functional Area	Appendix C, section #
Intel Analysis (All Source)	
Terrorism	C-2
Regional	C-3
Transnational	C-4
S&T	C-5
Intel Strategy	C-6
Plans and Policy	C-7
Imagery & Geospatial Analysis	C-8
Collection Management	C-9
Mission Support	
Editing, Graphics & Web	C-10
Publishing	
Library	C-11
Dissemination	C-12
Information Technology	

System/Network, Database Administration	C-13
Communications Security and	
Information Assurance	C-14
Systems/Software and Web	C-15
Development	
Policy, Planning and	C-16
Project Management	
Security Ops	C-17
Ops Management	C-18
Admin Support	
Administrative Management	C-19
Financial Management	C-20
Human Resource Management	C-21
Program Management	C-22

**STEP 2**. Once you have located your functional competencies, add them to your Competency Self-Assessment Table under functional competencies (notice the General Competencies have been provided for you).

**STEP 3**. Complete the Self-Assessed Proficiency Level Column on your table. Consider your current job performance and rate each competency based on the following levels:

1 - Basic - You easily perform the tasks using the competency but might need guidance exhibiting this competency.

2 - Intermediate - You easily perform tasks applying the competency and require no guidance.

**3 - Advanced** - You easily apply the competency without guidance; others come to you for assistance with work requiring this competency; you are able to apply the competency in multiple situations.

You may also want to refer to the Behavioral Indicators in **Appendix D** in the Career Development Guide to compare your performance against the standards for your level.

Take into account your own opinion as well as the feedback you've received from others through performance discussions or even informal conversations. **STEP 4**. Refer back to the CDP Guide and your general and functional competencies page. Fill in the required proficiency level standard for your grade level in the Marine Corps Intelligence Proficiency Level Standards column on your table.

**STEP 5**. Finally, rate each competency as "strength" or "development need" depending on how closely your self-assessed rating matches up with the Marine Corps Intelligence performance standard.

For example:

- Your self assessed level is higher that the Marine Corps Intelligence standard = strength (+)
- Your self assessed is lower than the Marine Corps Intelligence standard = development need (-)
- Your self assessed is equal to the Marine Corps Intelligence standard = strength (+)

General Competency List	Self- Assessed Proficiency Level	Marine Corps Intelligence Proficiency Level Standards	Strength or Development Need (+/-)
Briefing Techniques			
Computer Knowledge			
Continual Learning			
Creative Thinking			
Critical Thinking			
Customer Focus			
Decision Making			
Flexibility			
Global Awareness			
Influence/Negotiation			
Information Management			
Integrity/Honesty			
Intelligence Community			
Interpersonal Skills			
Marine Corps Culture			
MCIA Policies &			
Regulations			
Networking			
Oral Communication			
Organizational Skills			
Problem Solving			
Project Management			

### Current Job Performance Table

Research Skills		
Security Assurance		
Written Communication		

Functional Competency List (Refer to the MCIA Career Guide and list the competencies that apply to your functional area)	Self- Assessed Proficiency Level	Marine Corps Intelligence Proficiency Level Standard	Strength or Developmen t Need (+/-)

**STEP 6**. Based on the results from the completed table above, employees should assess their strengths and development needs. The form below will assist employees in this process. Once an employee has identified which competencies to work on this year, he or she should list them on the Recommended Developmental Activities form (next page) and complete all the required blocks. Although it's common for individuals to work on their identified needs, there are often opportunities to enhance your strengths.

Recommended	Developmental	Activities
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Competency Development Needs (list competencies individually)	Action Items (attend formal training*, pursue on-the- job* activities, developmental assignments*, etc.)	Resources (training vendors, supervisor, mentor, trusted peer, etc.)	Target Completion Date	Completion Date
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				

\*Developmental assignments include intra- and/or inter-Activity rotations, project teams or working groups.

\*Formal training includes internal and external training and self-directed study such as correspondence and continuing education.

\*On-the-job (OJT) training is the primary type of training and development an employee receives, but it is the least recognized. OJT is typically presented one-on-one at the workplace.

**STEP 7**. The last step in completing your IDP is to meet with your supervisor and obtain approval signatures. As the plan is implemented, you will move closer to meeting your goals and identifying new opportunities. IDPs will assist in acquiring the knowledge, skills and abilities needed to fulfill your potential and increase the level of communication between employees and supervisors.

Signatures: D	ate:
1. Employee:	
2. First Level Supervisor:	
3. Second Level Supervisor:	

Mid-Year Review Signatures:	Date:
1. Employee:	
2. First Level Supervisor:	

Year Close-out Signatures:	Date:
1. Employee:	
2. First Level Supervisor:	
3. Second Level Supervisor:	